



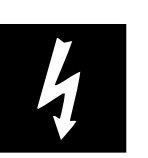

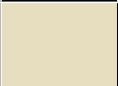








## Extinguisher Application Guide

Fires are classified into six groups; A, B, C, D, F and Electrical. The grid below shows what type of fuels are involved in each class of fire, along with a key to which class fire different fire extinguishers cover.

							
Extinguisher agent	Colour ID	Wood, paper, textiles and other carbonaceous materials	Flammable liquids, petrols & spirits	Flammable gases (propane, butane)	Fires involving burning metals	Fires caused by an electrical fault where electric current may be present	Cooking oils and fats – e.g. olive oil or lard
MultiCHEM		✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✓
Water		✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Foam		✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
Powder		✓	✓	✓	✗	✓	✗
M28/L2		✗	✗	✗	✓	✗	✗
CO <sub>2</sub>		✗	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
Wet chemical		✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✓

*\*Note: This guide is for reference only and therefore should not be treated as professional advice. Always seek expert advice from a fire professional relating to your specific circumstances.*